SUNY-DOWNSTATE MEDICAL CENTER/UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL OF BROOKLYN DEPARTMENT OF EMERGENCY MEDICINE

Targeted Temperature Management after Cardiac Arrest: Code Ice Activation and Induction in the Emergency Department

Inclusion Criteria:

Adults with return of spontaneous circulation (ROSC) and coma after cardiac arrest

Exclusion Criteria:

- 1. Glasgow Coma Scale > 8
- 2. Poor functional status prior to arrest (i.e. inability to perform basic activities of daily living)
- 3. Life-threatening infection or sepsis (note that the 'post-arrest syndrome' may present as a 'SIRS-like' syndrome)
- 4. Cryoglobulinemia; temperature-induced hemoglobinopathies (i.e. sickle-cell disease)
- 5. Life-threatening bleeding or uncorrectable coagulopathy
- 6. Pregnancy
- 7. Traumatic arrest, except due to electrical injury
- 8. Mean arterial pressure < 60 mm Hg despite correction of electrolytes, fluid resuscitation, and at least two vasopressor/inotropic agents
- 9. The plan of care does not include critical care or the goals of care are not consistent with aggressive management.

Procedure:

- Apply the inclusion and exclusion criteria. Activation of "Code Ice" and initiation of the protocol is determined by ED staff.
- 2. Notify MICU service and admit the patient to the MICU under the MICU attending (note: patient may board in CCU or CTICU). If patient is transferred to the catheterization suite *and* undergoes percutaneous coronary intervention, the admission should be updated to CCU under the cardiology attending (see complete

- policy and procedure for details related to concurrent Code H activation).
- 3. Document GCS and pupillary, corneal, and gag reflexes.
- 4. Set ventilator to AC with TV of 4-6 ml/kg. Maintain O₂ saturation between 94-99%. Consider ARDSnet protocol. Avoid hyperoxemia.
- 5. Peripheral (≥ 18G) venous access.
- 6. Use Therapeutic Hypothermia order set in T-system. This includes al suggested laboratory and radiologic studies.
- 7. Bolus 20-30 ml/kg of 4°C lactated Ringer's. Consider use of pressure bag set at 300 mm Hg for more rapid infusion.
- 8. Maximize exposed skin.
- 9. Place cooling blanket underneath patient; set to maximum cooling.
- 10. Place bladder catheter with temperature probe.
- 11. Acetaminophen 650 mg OGT/NGT/PR.
- 12. Fentanyl 1.0 mcg/kg IV bolus followed by 50-150 mcg/hr infusion. Consider propofol for additional sedation.
- 13. Cisatracurium (Nimbex) 0.1-0.15 mg/kg IVP.
- 14. Place Solex 7 Catheter (SL-2593) in internal jugular or subclavian vein. ED senior resident/attending, CCM fellow/attending must perform procedure. Sterile ultrasound-guidance is required.
- 15. Maintain potassium 3.5-4.0 mmol/L and magnesium > 2.0 mg/dL.
- 16. Goal temperature range in the ED is 32-36°C. Temperatures of greater than 36°C should be treated with 250 ml boluses of 4°C normal saline every 15 minutes.
- 17. Facilitate transfer to the MICU, CCU, CTICU, or cardiac catheterization laboratory within 4 hours. Notify ADN or bed manager for assistance.